

Times Tables Practise – Revision from MIS (Year 2)

2 times table

$$\begin{aligned}1 \times 2 &= 2 \\2 \times 2 &= 4 \\3 \times 2 &= 6 \\4 \times 2 &= 8 \\5 \times 2 &= 10 \\6 \times 2 &= 12 \\7 \times 2 &= 14 \\8 \times 2 &= 16 \\9 \times 2 &= 18 \\10 \times 2 &= 20 \\11 \times 2 &= 22 \\12 \times 2 &= 24\end{aligned}$$

There are many ways you can support your child at home with learning their tables. We have suggested some below:

- Complete the weekly homework with your child
- Chant and repeat in order
- Write out tables in order
- Multiple choice or matching the answer to the number sentence
- Call out the facts shuffled. E.g. What's 7×2 ?
- Recall the associated division facts. E.g. $9 \times 2 = 18$ so $18 \div 2 = 9$.
- Discuss patterns in times tables. E.g. all numbers in the $2x$ table are even.

Encourage your child to play Times Tables Rockstars (login details are in your child's study log) or other online games. We have listed some examples below.

5 times table

$$\begin{aligned}1 \times 5 &= 5 \\2 \times 5 &= 10 \\3 \times 5 &= 15 \\4 \times 5 &= 20 \\5 \times 5 &= 25 \\6 \times 5 &= 30 \\7 \times 5 &= 35 \\8 \times 5 &= 40 \\9 \times 5 &= 45 \\10 \times 5 &= 50 \\11 \times 5 &= 55 \\12 \times 5 &= 60\end{aligned}$$

10 times table

$$\begin{aligned}1 \times 10 &= 10 \\2 \times 10 &= 20 \\3 \times 10 &= 30 \\4 \times 10 &= 40 \\5 \times 10 &= 50 \\6 \times 10 &= 60 \\7 \times 10 &= 70 \\8 \times 10 &= 80 \\9 \times 10 &= 90 \\10 \times 10 &= 100 \\11 \times 10 &= 110 \\12 \times 10 &= 120\end{aligned}$$



<https://trockstars.com/>



<https://www.timestables.co.uk>



<https://www.topmarks.co.uk/maths-games/hit-the-button>



MathShed

EdShed 

<https://www.edshed.com/en-us/login>



Times Tables Practise – tables to learn by the end of Year 3

4 times table

$$\begin{aligned}1 \times 4 &= 4 \\2 \times 4 &= 8 \\3 \times 4 &= 12 \\4 \times 4 &= 16 \\5 \times 4 &= 20 \\6 \times 4 &= 24 \\7 \times 4 &= 28 \\8 \times 4 &= 32 \\9 \times 4 &= 36 \\10 \times 4 &= 40 \\11 \times 4 &= 44 \\12 \times 4 &= 48\end{aligned}$$

There are many ways you can support your child at home with learning their tables. We have suggested some below:

- Complete the weekly homework with your child
- Chant and repeat in order
- Write out tables in order
- Multiple choice or matching the answer to the number sentence
- Call out the facts shuffled. E.g. What's 7 x 8?
- Recall the associated division facts. E.g. $9 \times 3 = 27$ so $27 \div 3 = 9$.
- Discuss patterns in times tables. E.g. answers to the 4x table are double answers to the 2x table.

Encourage your child to play Times Tables Rockstars (login details are in your child's study log) or other online games. We have listed some examples below.

3 times table

$$\begin{aligned}1 \times 3 &= 3 \\2 \times 3 &= 6 \\3 \times 3 &= 9 \\4 \times 3 &= 12 \\5 \times 3 &= 15 \\6 \times 3 &= 18 \\7 \times 3 &= 21 \\8 \times 3 &= 24 \\9 \times 3 &= 27 \\10 \times 3 &= 30 \\11 \times 3 &= 33 \\12 \times 3 &= 36\end{aligned}$$

8 times table

$$\begin{aligned}1 \times 8 &= 8 \\2 \times 8 &= 16 \\3 \times 8 &= 24 \\4 \times 8 &= 32 \\5 \times 8 &= 40 \\6 \times 8 &= 48 \\7 \times 8 &= 56 \\8 \times 8 &= 64 \\9 \times 8 &= 72 \\10 \times 8 &= 80 \\11 \times 8 &= 88 \\12 \times 8 &= 96\end{aligned}$$



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